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PREPARATION AND UNIT CELL DIMENSIONS OF NEW-PEROVSKITE
MATERIALS OF THE FORMULA $K(MM')F_3$ (M=Mn, Fe, Co, Zn, M'=Mn, Co, Ni, Zn)

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SUMMARY

Materials of the type $K(MM')F_3$ are prepared by a simple solution method. The simple replacement of one M^{2+} ion with another without distortion of the cubic unit cell is demonstrated from X-ray powder diffraction data. Unit cell dimensions are reported.

INTRODUCTION

The parent compound (M=Mn, Fe, Co, Ni and Zn) are well documented materials; they have the cubic perovskite structure [1]. Infra-red studies on the $CsSnCl_3$ - $CsSnBr_3$ cubic perovskite system led to an understanding of the halide vibrations in the lattices [2,3].

The materials reported here were prepared to investigate if they were cubic; if the M^{2+} ions were random throughout the structure or ordered in discrete domains, and to see if the model used for the infra-red studies could be applied to these materials.

EXPERIMENTAL

The materials are all prepared by the same method. A solution of 5.7 g of potassium fluoride dihydrate in 10 mls of water is boiled, 5 drops of hydrofluoric acid is added and then a solution of 0.02 moles of the appropriate transition-metal

mixture (e.g. $\text{MnSO}_4 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{FeSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$). The resulting solution or suspension is heated on a water bath for fifteen minutes, then filtered, washed with cold water followed by 5 mls of acetone then ether. The products are dried under vacuum. The yields are highly dependent on concentration but average 2.5 - 3.0 g.

X-ray powder diffraction data of the products were obtained using Philips 11.64 cm powder cameras and Cu-K α Ni filtered radiation. The unit-cell dimensions are refined from the X-ray powder diffraction data by simple least squares methods.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The X-ray powder data for the new materials and those of the parent materials are in Tables 1 and 2. All the materials are cubic; those that contain two transition metals have unit cell parameters between those of the parent compounds.

The materials reported in Table 1 give diffraction patterns in which the lines are no wider than those obtained from the parent materials indicating no distortion; showing that they contain the transition-metal ions are randomly distributed throughout the lattices.

Unfortunately the infra-red spectra for the $\text{K}(\text{MM}')\text{F}_3$ materials were identical to the $\text{KM}'\text{F}_3$ parent compounds and are therefore not reported. There is not enough difference in the vibrations of the parent compounds to see the sort of effect found in the CsSnCl_3 - CsSnBr_3 system [2,3].

The 'tolerance' of the cubic perovskite lattice for the different ionic radii of the M^{2+} ions is apparent indicating that the 'sigma' bonding M-F, M'-F bonds are the same length and different to those in the parent compounds. This suggests that the overall packing is decided by the total electronegativity (resultant from the positions of both the K^+ and M^{2+} ions; the F^- ions balance this) of the lattice, and is not just resultant from the M-F (M=transition-metal) bonding and the packing of the K^+ ions in the holes. This conclusion is in agreement with the ionic nature of these cubic perovskites.

Table 1

X-ray powder diffraction data for the $K(MM')F_3$
 ($M=Mn, Fe, Zn, M'=Mn, Co, Ni, Zn$) materials

Intensity	(FeMn) d/Å	(FeCo) d/Å	(FeNi) d/Å	(FeZn) d/Å	(MnZn) d/Å	(ZnCo) d/Å	hkl
m	4.14	4.10	4.06	4.08	4.11	4.06	(100)
vs	2.93	2.90	2.87	2.89	2.91	2.87	(110)
vw	2.37	2.37	2.34	2.36	2.37	2.34	(111)
s	2.07	2.05	2.03	2.04	2.06	2.03	(200)
w	1.851	1.834	1.816	1.824	1.838	1.816	(210)
m	1.690	1.673	1.657	1.665	1.678	1.657	(211)
m	1.464	1.450	1.435	1.442	1.453	1.435	(220)
vw	1.380	1.366	1.353	1.360	1.370	1.353	(300)(221)
w	1.309	1.296	1.284	1.290	1.300	1.284	(310)

Table 2

Unit cell data for all the cubic fluoride perovskites

Phase	colour	a/Å (this work)	literature	ref.
$KMnF_3$	off white	4.19	4.19	1
$KFeF_3$	fawn	4.12	4.11	1
$KCoF_3$	pink	4.08	4.07	1
$KNiF_3$	yellow green	4.02	4.01	1
$KZnF_3$	white	4.05	4.05	1
$K(FeMn)F_3$	fawn	4.14		
$K(FeCo)F_3$	pink	4.10		
$K(FeNi)F_3$	yellow green	4.06		
$K(FeZn)F_3$	fawn	4.08		
$K(MnZn)F_3$	off white	4.11		
$K(ZnCo)F_3$	pink	4.06		

REFERENCES

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